

## ECONOMICS OF STRATEGIC BEHAVIOR

## **EMBA Global Spring 2023**

### PROFESSOR WOUTER DESSEIN

SUBJECT TO CHANGE

#### A. ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

#### **Contact Information**

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#### **Required Materials**

Case studies, readings, hand-outs posted on CANVAS.

• Bruce Greenwald and Judd Kahn: Competition Demystified (CD)

• Jonathan Knee: <u>The Platform Delusion</u>

#### **B. COURSE DESCRIPTION**

This course examines the underlying economics of successful business strategy, including

- (i) The sources of long-run competitive advantage.
- (ii) The dynamics of competition and competitive advantage.
- (iii) Strategic interactions (competitive and/or cooperative) between pairs of firms.

Three characteristics distinguish our approach. First, we focus on the large strategic decisions which firms face rather than more detailed, operation/managerial issues. Second, we seek broad principles that can be applied across many firms and markets, rather than anecdotal success stories or institutional details that apply only in limited cases or as a result of quite idiosyncratic factors. Finally, we develop these broad principles from the framework of microeconomic theory. As such, potential answers will be subjected to the rigor of economic analysis to test their validity and applicability.

The approach toward teaching and learning is primarily inductive. That is, you will learn the concepts and principles outlined above largely through examples – this is the essence of the case study method.

The goal is to carefully study specific business situations and decisions with the goal of extracting broader principles about business strategy, which will then be available to you in a wide variety of managerial contexts. Course time will be split roughly 70/30 between case discussions and lectures.

Good cases are necessarily complex and ambiguous. In preparing for case discussions, you may find sorting through this complexity and ambiguity to be frustrating. The problems presented in the case discussion may not have one correct answer. However, there will generally be a set of insights and solutions that are better than others. And it is in working through the messy details to find these insights and solutions – both in your own preparation and in class discussion – that the concepts and principles introduced in the readings and lectures will come alive and be enriched for you.

#### C. CLASS SCHEDULE

### I. Sources of Competitive Advantage.

The first part of the course is focused on understanding the sources and dynamics of competitive advantages. It presents a simplified approach to business strategy, based on the notion that any long-run competitive advantage must rely on "barriers to entry". Firms without competitive advantages should concentrate all their efforts on being efficient. Firms that do have competitive advantages need to design strategy with their competitors in mind.

Session	Topic	Cases
		Other Reading Assignments
Session 1	Intro to Competitive Strategy.	Enterprise Rent-A-Car
		Competition Demystified (CD) Chapters 1-3
Session 2	Sources of Competitive Advantage.	Aldi: The Dark Horse Discounter
		Capital One
		CD Chapters 4-5
Session 3	Dynamics of Competitive Advantage.	The Economist
		CD Chapter 6-7

Session 4	Competitive Advantage in a Digital World	Etsy vs Amazon  Netflix: Competitive  Dynamics in the Consumer  Video Market*
Session 5	Intro to Strategic Interactions	Shrimp Game  "Game Theory: How to make it Pay"  CD Chapters 8-9

## II. Shared Competitive Advantages: Managing Strategic Interactions.

After having developed the basic tools for the analysis of competitive advantage, we will use game theory as a framework for analyzing "shared competitive advantages". The basic issue is simply this – when competitive advantage is shared with other firms, any action I take will elicit a reaction by my competitors. How can I incorporate those reactions in forming strategies so that I am not blindsided, and if possible, can even use them to my advantage? Can I find a way to move away from mutually destructive price competition, toward win-win games? How do I enter an industry, or avoid entry by new competitors? How do I structure and manage my relationship with suppliers and competitors?

Session	Topic	Cases
		Other Reading Assignments
Session 6	Price Wars & Dynamics of Competition	Philip Morris: Marlboro Friday
		"Dynamics of Price Competition"
Session 7	Price Wars & Dynamics of Competition	Albert Heijn: Price War among Retailers (Distributed in class)  "A Primer in Anti-trust"
Session 8	Entry and Entry-deterrence strategies	Ready-to-Eat Breakfast Cereal  Dogfight over Europe: Ryanair
Session 9	Entry Strategies & Dynamics of Competition;	Red Bull Spotify: Music Streaming.

	Distributors, Suppliers and Complementors: Friends or Foes?	
		CD Chapters 12-13
Session 10	Distributors, Suppliers and Complementors: Friends or Foes? Course Wrap-up	Power Play (A): Nintendo  CD Chapter 14- 15

#### D. COURSE REQUIREMENTS AND GRADING

Grading will be based on (1) On-line case quizzes, (2) Class Participation and (3) a Take-home case-based exam.

### 1) On-line Quizzes (15% - Individual)

For each case, there will be an **online quiz**, to be taken <u>prior to class</u>. Questions are multiple choice and/or require you to write a paragraph justifying your answer. Grading is based on the *thoughtful completion* of each of the quizzes. Be also prepared to discuss your answers in class.

### 2) Class Participation (35% - Individual)

Class participation is essential in order for you to get the maximum benefit from the course. Your grade will be based on attendance, effort and the content of your contributions to the class discussions. The evaluation of content will be based on the following:

- Relevance: Are your comments clearly related to the case and to the comments of others? Do they move the discussion forward?
- Fact-Based: Have you used specific data from the case, from readings, or from personal experience to support the assertions that you are making?

Case discussion constitutes more than half the class time, so there will be ample opportunity for each of you to participate. If you feel that you are preparing well but that I am not calling on you enough, please let me know so that I can address the problem. In addition to voluntary participation, *I often randomly select a few students to open and/or lead the case discussion*. Importantly, I ask that you deal with the cases as you find them; **do not seek outside or post-case data on the firm or industry**. Of course, if you already know things about the case, from previous

experience, this can be very useful in case discussions. Please let me know about it in advance, and I will make a point to call on you at the appropriate time.

## 3) Take-home case-based exam (50% - Individual)

Information about this case-based final will be provided in class.

## Preparation Questions (be prepared to discuss these questions in class)

### **Enterprise Rent-a-Car**

- 1. How attractive is the car rental industry in terms of long-term profitability?
- 2. Analyze Enterprise's strategy and competitive position. Why has Enterprise been so successful?
- 3. Should Hertz or Avis launch a frontal assault on Enterprise?

#### Aldi: The Dark Horse Discounter\*

Aldi, the German-based hard discounter, has ambitious growth plans for the US market.

- 1. Discuss the main elements/choices of Aldi's strategy. Does this strategy result in a cost advantage in the discount grocery segment relative to Walmart?
- 2. Does Aldi have a (sustainable) competitive advantage in the US? Yes or no?
- 3. How should Walmart react to Aldi's expansion? Should they imitate some of the key choices of Aldi's? Should they go to a price war to stop Aldi's expansion?

#### Capital One\*

- 1. What, if any, competitive advantages does Capital One have?
- 2. Are these advantages sustainable into the future?
- 3. As head of Capital One, what would be your strategic priorities?

#### The Economist\*

- 1. What explains the success of The Economist thus far? Why has it managed to succeed while so many other magazines are struggling?
- 2. Can the Economist survive and thrive in the digital age? What should its digital strategy be? (in terms of pricing, branding, format, ...)

#### ETSY vs Amazon\*

1. Evaluate Amazon's initial response to Etsy's entry. Did they blow it?

2. Does ETSY have a sustainable competitive advantage? Can Amazon "out-ETSY" ETSY?

## Netflix: Competitive Dynamics in the Consumer Video Market\*

- 1. What was Netflix's original Competitive Advantage in DVD Rentals? How did it change over time?
- 2. Why was it so hard for Blockbuster to react to Netflix's entry?
- 3. Which of Netflix's Positional Advantages or Capabilities of Netflix helped the move to VOD?
- 4. Netflix decided to enter content production. Is this the right way forward for it? What are its advantages and disadvantages in this field?

#### Philip Morris: Marlboro Friday

- 1. How would you describe Marlboro's competitive position in early 1993?
- 2. What accounts for Philip Morris' dramatic shift in strategy in April 1993? What are its goals?
- 3. How should RJ Reynolds respond?
- **4.** What kind of industry future does Philip Morris anticipate?

#### Ready-to-Eat Breakfast Cereal Industry\*

- 1. Why has RTE cereal been such a profitable business?
- 2. How have the incumbent brands managed rivalry?
- 3. And how has entry been avoided for such a long time?
- **4.** How should RTE cereal producers react to non-branded entry?

### Dogfight over Europe: Ryanair (A)\*

- 1. Describe Ryan Air's entry strategy.
- 2. Evaluate Ryan Air's entry strategy. Will it succeed?
- 3. Place yourself in the shoes of BA or AL. How would you respond to Ryan Air's entry?

#### Red Bull\*

- 1. At the time Red Bull entered the US market, would Coke have been at a competitive advantage if it had attacked Red Bull? If so, what were its sources of advantage? Why didn't it attack more aggressively?
- 2. Is there anything that Coke or Red Bull should have done differently?

3. How was Monster Drinks able to catch up with Red Bull? Why didn't Red Bull react more aggressively? Should Red Bull or Monster have done things differently?

## Spotify: Music streaming.\*

- 1. Why has Spotify been so successful?
- 2. Does Spotify have a competitive advantage? Can they maintain their leading market position?
- **3.** Spotify has accumulated losses. Should we be worried? Can this become a profitable industry in the medium to long-run?

### Nintendo

- 1. Nintendo successfully recreated the home video game business following the Atari-era boom and bust. How did it do so?
- 2. How did Nintendo capture value from the home video game business? How did it avoid that "content" developers (such as Electronic Arts), or distribution channels (such as Wal-Mart, ToysRUs) captured all the rents?